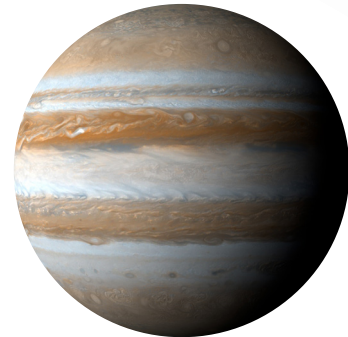
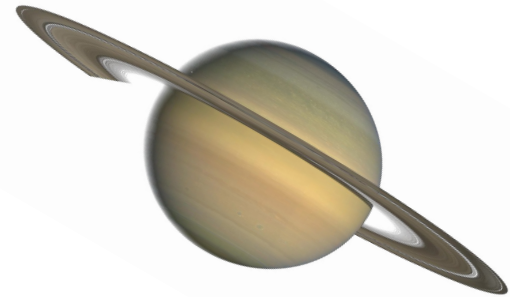


# STAR CHECKLIST

## *for the Northern Hemisphere*



- ☐ **Venus** -4.8 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Jupiter** -2.94 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Mars** -2.94 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Mercury** -2.48 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Sirius** -1.46 (90 S to 73 N)
- ☐ **Saturn** -0.55 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Arcturus** -0.05 (70 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Vega** -0.02 (51 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Betelgeuse** 0 (82 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Capella** 0.03 (44 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Rigel** 0.05 (90 S to 82 N)
- ☐ **Procyon** 0.37 (85 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Aldebaran** 0.75 (73 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Altair** 0.77 (81 S to 90 N)
- ☐ **Antares** 0.88 (90 S to 63 N) if you live too near 63 N substitute the star below. Even if you live South of 63 N try finding Spica anyway!
- ☐ **Spica** 0.95 (90 S to 79 N)

Check out the Southern Hemisphere list as well. It's actually easier to spot some of the Southern Hemisphere objects than many people think. For instance, the top star of the iconic Southern Cross that features on the flags of several Southern Hemisphere countries can be seen as far north as 32 N.

Note: These latitudes represent the maximum limit where these stars will be visible. If you live close to these latitudes, the star might be too close to the horizon to be visible.

# STAR CHECKLIST

## *for the Southern Hemisphere*

- ☐ Venus -4.8 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Jupiter -2.94 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Mars -2.94 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Mercury -2.48 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Sirius -1.46 (90 S to 73 N)
- ☐ Saturn -0.55 (90 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Canopus -0.62 (90S to 37 N)
- ☐ Alpha Centauri -0.29 (90 S to 30 N)
- ☐ Arcturus -0.05 (70 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Betelgeuse 0 (82 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Rigel 0.05 (90 S to 82 N)
- ☐ Procyon 0.37 (85 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Achernar 0.4 (90 S to 32 N)
- ☐ Hadar 0.61 (90 S to 29 N)
- ☐ Aldebaran 0.75 (73 S to 90 N)
- ☐ Bonus: Acrux 0.76. (90 S to 27 N)

If you live in many parts of the southern hemisphere you will probably be able to see all of the objects from both hemispheres. With the addition of the bonus this will give you the 22 brightest objects of the sky.

Note: These latitudes represent the maximum limit where these stars will be visible. If you live close to these latitudes, the star might be too close to the horizon to be visible.